# B.A.(Programme) Semester-V Sanskrit (Major)

# DSC-10 - Basic Elements of Indian Philosophy

UGCF for Multidisciplinary Courses of Study

# DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC CORE COURSE, DISCIPLINE A 6: DSC-10: Basic Elements of Indian Philosophy

Credit distribution, Eligibility and Pre-requisites of the Course

Course title & Code	Credits	Credit distribution of the course			Eligibility	Pre-requisite
		Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/Practice	Criteria	of the course
(Discipline A 6) Basic Elements of Indian Philosophy DSC - 10	04	3	1	0	Passed in Semester- IV	Working Knowledge of Sanskrit

## **Learning Objectives:**

The objective of the Syllabus is to study the basic issues in Indian Philosophy.

### **Learning Outcomes:**

Indian Philosophy teaches critical thinking, close reading, clear writing, and logical analysis. It develops the tools of logic and reason to analyze the ways in which the individual experiences the Universe. It guides the student to understand the language we use to describe the world, and our place within it. Different areas of philosophy are distinguished by the questions they ask. The most important reason to study philosophy is that it is of enormous and enduring interest. Philosophy is important, but it is also enormously enjoyable in which students are provided with the tools and the opportunity to develop and express their own philosophical views.

#### **Syllabus**

#### Unit-I:

Darśana - concept and aims, Classification of Indian Philosophical schools, Fundamental issues in Indian Philosophy - Epistemology: Six Pramanas

#### Unit-II:

Metaphysics: Realism, Idealism, Causation - Satkaryavada, Asatkaryavada, Parinamavada,

Vivartavada

Ethics: Karma & Punarjanma theory

#### Unit-III

#### Schools of Indian Philosophy

Heterodox Schools - Cārvāka — General introduction with emphasis on Challenge to Veda, Rejection of Transcendental Entities, Ethics (Based on Sarvadarshansamgrah)

Jainism – General introduction with emphasis on Anekāntavāda, Syādvāda, Saptabhanginyāya, Triratna

Buddhism- General Introduction with emphasis on Four Noble Truths

#### **Unit-IV**

Sāmkhya – General Introduction with emphasis on Prakṛti, three Guṇas & Puruṣa (Based on Sāmkhyakārikā)

Yoga - Eight fold path of Yoga (Based on Yogasūtra Sādhanapāda and Yogabhāṣya thereon) Nyāya Vaiśesika - General Introduction with emphasis on Tarksamgraha — seven padrathas (overview only)

Mīmāmsā – Concept of dharma

Advaita Vedānta – General Introduction with emphasis on Brahman, Māyā, Jīva and Jagat (Based on Vedāntasāra)

# **Essential/recommended readings:**

- 1. Bhartiya, Mahesh Bhāratīya Darśana Kī Pramukha Samasyāem, Ghaziabad, 1999.
- 2. Chatterjee, S. C. & D. M. Datta *Introduction to Indian Philosophy*, Calcutta University, Calcutta, 1968 (Hindi Translation also).
- 3. Hiriyanna, M. Outline of Indian Philosophy, London, 1956 (also Hindi Translation).
- 4. Shastri, Kuppuswami, A Primer of Indian Logic, 1951 (only introduction).
- 5. Bhartiya, Mahesh Causation in Indian Philosophy, Ghaziabad, 1975.
- 6. Pandey, Ram Chandra *Panorama of Indian Philosophy* (also Hindi version), M.L.B.D., Delhi, 1966.
- 7. Raja, Kuhnan Some Fundamental Problems in Indian Philosophy, MLBD, Delhi, 1974.
- 8. Rishi, Uma Shankar (Ed.), *Sarva-Darshana\_Samgraha*, Chowkhamba Vidyabhawan, Varansi, 1984.

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- 1. Hiriyanna, M. Outline of Indian Philosophy, London, 1956 (also Hindi Translation).
- 2. Shastri, Kuppuswami, A Primer of Indian Logic, 1951 (only introduction).
- 3. Bhartiya, Mahesh Causation in Indian Philosophy, Ghaziabad, 1975.
- 4. O'Flaherty, Wendy Doniger Karma and Rebirth in Classical Indian Tradition, MLBD, Delhi, 1983.
- 5. Radhakrishnan, S. Indian Philosophy, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 1990.
- 6. Raja, Kuhnan Some Fundamental Problems in Indian Philosophy, MLBD, Delhi, 1974.
- 7. Chatterjee, S. C. The Nyāya Theory of Knowledge, Calcutta, 1968.
- 8. Radhakrishnan, S. Indian Philosophy, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 1990.

Examination scheme and mode: Subject to directions from the Examination Branch/University of Delhi from time to time.